## LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034



## **B.A.** DEGREE EXAMINATION – **SOCIOLOGY**

## SECOND SEMESTER - APRIL 2023

## USO 2502 - SOCIOLOGY OF INDIAN SOCIETY - II

Date: 03-05-2023	Dept. No.	Max. : 100 Marks
Time: 01:00 PM - 04:00 PM		

	SECTION A - K1 (CO1)						
	Answer ALL the Questions $(10 \times 1 = 10)$						
1.	True or False						
a)	G.S.Ghurye is considered the founder of institutionalised Sociology in India.						
b)	According to Gandhi, India should adopt western political systems to become a modern nation.						
c)	Hypergamy or Anuloma is a form of marriage between a high caste man and a low caste woman.						
d)	Political parties do not shape public opinion.						
e)	Indian nationalism is primarily based on Hinduism.						
2.	Fill in the blanks						
a)	The concept of sanskritization was put forward by						
b)	A person marrying within his or her group/varna/caste/sub-caste is known as						
c)	The Nair's matrilineal joint family system in Kerala is known as						
d)	is the oldest political party in India.						
e)	played a key role in India's struggle for independence.						
	SECTION A - K2 (CO1)						
	Answer ALL the Questions $(10 \times 1 = 10)$						
3.	Match the following						
a)	Secularism - The coexistence of different religious communities and beliefs						
b)	Communalism - Loyalty and devotion to a nation and its superiority over other nations						
c)	Nationalism - Belief in the supremacy of one's own religious community over others						
d)	Religious pluralism - Love for one's country and willingness to defend it against enemies						
e)	Patriotism - Belief in the separation of religion and state						
4.	Define the following						
a)	Sanskritization						
b)	Caste						
c)	Endogamy						
d)	Citizenship						
e)	Communal violence						
	SECTION B - K3 (CO2)						
	Answer any TWO of the following $(2 \times 10 = 20)$						
5.	Explain the Indological perspective to the study of Indian society.						
6.	Discuss the Ambedkar's idea of India to uplift India at a global level.						
7.	Examine the important rights associated with Hindu marriage.						
8.	Classify the types of national political parties.						
	SECTION C – K4 (CO3)						
	Answer any TWO of the following $(2 \times 10 = 20)$						
9.	Compare the views of Gandhi and Nehru on India.						

10.	Examine the aims and the process of Christian marriage.							
11.	Analyse the functional changes in a Hindu joint family.							
12.	Discuss the social status prevailing in India after independence.							
SECTION D – K5 (CO4)								
	Answer any ONE of the following	(1	X	20	=			
	20)							
13.	13. Evaluate the subaltern perspective and explain how it differs from mainstream perspectives.							
14.	Discuss avunculate, amitate, couvade and teknonymy as kinship usages in India,							
	SECTION E – K6 (CO5)							
	Answer any ONE of the following	(1	X	20	=			
	20)							
15.	Describe the origin and emergence of party system in India.							
16.	"A house is built by hands but a home is built by hearts" – Comment.							

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